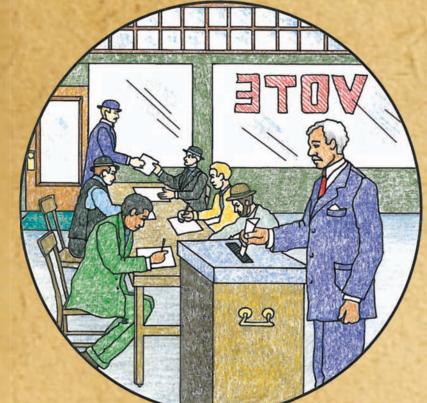
# The CITTOTO PROJECT

West Virginia African American





#### Voter

J.R. knew that African Americans would only have real power to improve their lives if they voted. Until he died in 1933, he voted in every election.

## Born in 1848



In 1848, John Robert "J.R." Clifford was born in a farmhouse near Moorefield, Virginia (now part of WV). His parents, Isaac and Satilphia, were free and owned their own land. As a boy he worked on the family farm.

Produced by: The J. R. Clifford Project

501 Elizabeth Street, Charleston, WV 25311

You can learn more about J.R. Clifford's life

and get more copiesof this poster at:

www.jrclifford.org

Of Friends of Blackwater

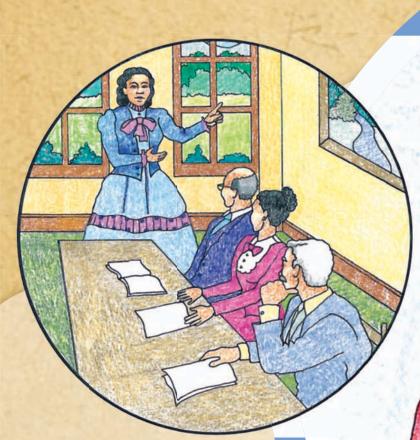
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## Civil War Soldier

Because of the Civil War, J.R.'s parents sent him to school in Chicago. In 1865 at age 16, he enlisted in the Union Army and served in the United States Colored Troops.

# Daughter Mary

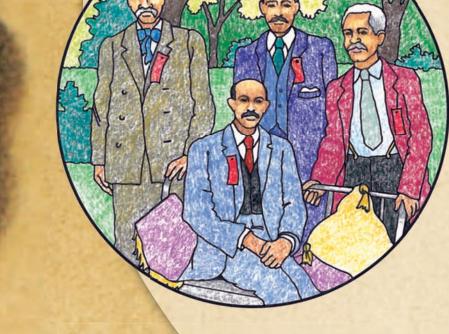
J.R. Clifford's daughter, Mary Clifford, was a main speaker at the Niagara Movement meeting. The rights of women played a full and equal role in this movement.



# J. R. Clifford (1848-1933)

# Storer College Graduate STORER COLLEGE

After the Civil War, J.R. enrolled at Storer College in Harper's Ferry, WV. Storer College trained African American teachers who taught freed slaves.



# Niagara Movement Leader

In 1906, J.R. was a founder of the Niagara Movement which advocated for the rights of African Americans, including the right to vote and the right to use public facilities. This was the beginning of the modern civil rights movement in America.

### Famous Williams Case

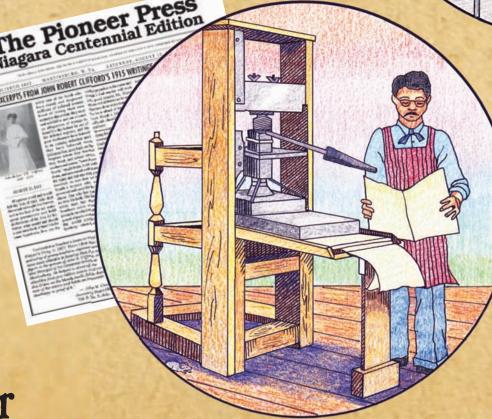
In 1892 J.R. argued in court on behalf of Carrie Williams, a teacher at the Coketon Colored School in the Blackwater Canyon area of Tucker County, West Virginia. In an historic civil rights decision the state Supreme Court held that African American children must have the same school terms as white children and their teachers the same pay.



In 2009, J.R. Clifford and 11 other civil rights pioneers were honored on U.S. postage stamps.

# Lawyer

While J.R. worked as a school principal and a publisher, he studied law in the evenings. In 1887 he became the first African American lawyer in WV.



Teacher

After J.R. graduated from Storer

College he became principal at

Martinsburg, WV. He taught

African American children the

the Sumner School in

basic subjects.

## Newspaper Publisher

In 1882, J.R. started a newspaper called the Pioneer Press in Martinsburg, WV. He edited and published the newspaper for 30 years.



Produced by Friends of Blackwater Text by Tom Rodd Illustrations by Sharon Harms, Image Associates